

# **Lower Urinary Tract Symptoms (Luts)**

### **Understanding Lower Urinary Tract Symptoms**

Lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTs) are characterised by a variety of symptoms related to problems with the lower urinary tract, which includes the bladder, urethra, (and prostate in men). These symptoms can affect both men and women and may significantly impact quality of life and may indicate an underlying urological condition.

### **Symptoms**

The symptoms of LUTS can be categorised into storage, voiding and post micturition symptoms.

#### Storage symptoms (related to bladder filling and storage)

- **Increased frequency**: Needing to urinate more often than usual, often only small amounts are passed.
- **Nocturia**: Waking up at night one or more times to urinate.
- **Urgency**: A sudden, strong need to urinate immediately that is difficult to control.
- **Urge incontinence**: Involuntary leakage of urine following an urgent need to urinate

### Voiding symptoms (related to urine flow)

- Weak stream: Reduced force or interrupted urine stream.
- **Hesitancy**: Difficulty starting urination.
- **Straining**: Needing to push or strain to begin urination.
- **Intermittency**: Starting and stopping of the urine stream.
- **Prolonged urination**: Taking a long time to complete urination.
- **Incomplete emptying**: Feeling that the bladder is not completely emptied after urination.

#### **Post-micturition symptoms**

- **Post-micturition dribble**: A feeling of incomplete bladder emptying.
- **Terminal dribble**: Dribbling at the end of urination.

#### **Causes Of Luts**

#### LUTS can be caused by various conditions, including:

- Benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH): Enlargement of the prostate gland.
- Urinary tract infections (UTIs): Infections in the bladder or urethra.
- Bladder stones: Hard masses of minerals in the bladder.
- Overactive bladder (OAB): A condition where the bladder muscle contracts too often.
- Neurological disorders: Conditions affecting the nervous system, such as multiple sclerosis or Parkinson's disease.
- **Medications**: Some drugs can affect bladder function.



## **Diagnosis**

To diagnose the cause of LUTS, your urologist will discuss your symptoms and may recommend investigations:

- **Medical history**: Discussing your symptoms, health history, and any medications.
- Physical examination: Including a digital rectal exam (DRE) for men.
- **Urinalysis**: Testing urine for signs of infection or other abnormalities.
- **Bladder diary**: Keeping a record of fluid intake, urination times, and symptoms.
- **Uroflowmetry**: Measuring the flow rate and volume of urine.
- **Post-void residual (PVR) measurement**: Checking how much urine remains in the bladder after urination.
- Imaging tests: Ultrasound or CT scans to visualize the urinary tract.

# **Treatment Options**

The treatment for LUTs varies depending on the underlying cause, severity of symptoms, and patient preferences. Treatment options include lifestyle changes, medication, and surgical intervention.

### **Lifestyle Changes**

- Fluid management: Adjusting fluid intake to avoid excessive or insufficient consumption.
- **Bladder training**: Techniques to increase bladder capacity and control.
- **Dietary changes**: Avoid caffeine, alcohol, and spicy foods that can irritate the bladder.
- Pelvic floor exercises: Strengthening the pelvic floor muscles to improve bladder control.

#### Medication

- **Alpha-blockers**: Relax the muscles in the prostate and bladder neck to improve urine flow (e.g., tamsulosin).
- Antimuscarinics: Reduce bladder muscle spasms to decrease urgency and frequency (e.g., oxybutynin).
- **Beta-3 agonists**: Help relax the bladder muscle (e.g., mirabegron).
- 5-alpha reductase inhibitors: Reduce the size of an enlarged prostate (e.g., finasteride).

## **Surgical Interventions**

- Transurethral resection of the prostate (TURP): Removing part of the prostate to improve urine flow.
- Laser therapy: Using laser energy to remove or shrink prostate tissue.
- **Rezum therapy**: A minimally invasive procedure that uses water vapour to shrink prostate tissue and alleviate symptoms of benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH).
- **Urethral stents**: Places a stent in the urethra to keep it open.
- **Bladder augmentation**: Increasing bladder capacity through surgical procedures.



#### **Risks Associated With Treatment:**

- Medication: Possible side effects include dizziness, dry mouth, constipation, and sexual dysfunction.
- Surgical intervention: Risks include infection, bleeding, incontinence, erectile dysfunction, and urethral stricture.

### What Does The Recovery Process Involve?

The recovery process and duration vary depending on the type of treatment:

- **Lifestyle modifications**: Improvement in symptoms may be gradual and requires consistent adherence to recommended changes.
- **Medication**: Symptom relief can be noticed within a few weeks, but some medications may take several months to achieve full effect.
- Surgical interventions: Recovery from surgery can take several weeks to months. Initial
  improvements may be seen within a few weeks, but full recovery, including resolution of any side
  effects, may take longer.

### **Managing Luts**

- **Regular follow-up**: Monitoring symptoms and treatment efficacy.
- **Pelvic floor Exercises**: Strengthening the pelvic muscles to improve bladder control.
- **Support and education**: Understanding the condition and available treatments.

Lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS) encompass a range of urinary issues that can significantly impact daily life. Understanding the potential symptoms, treatment options, risks involved, and recovery process is crucial for effective management and improved quality of life.

By addressing LUTs proactively and adhering to prescribed treatments, individuals can manage their symptoms and maintain a better quality of life.

# Why Choose Birmingham Urology Centre

Birmingham Urology Centre offers expert diagnosis and tailored treatment for lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS). Our experienced team ensures effective relief and improved quality of life in a supportive environment.

**Contact us** for more information on managing lower urinary tract symptoms and to discuss tests and treatment options contact Birmingham Urology Centre today. Our experienced team is here to provide personalised care to help you manage your symptoms effectively .